

**IN THE CLAIMS**

1 1. (currently amended) A method of identifying a presence of a first fluid ~~in an earth~~  
2 ~~formation~~ having a first transverse nuclear magnetic spin relaxation time  $T_2$  in a  
3 ~~mixture of earth formation fluids~~ with a second fluid ~~in an earth formation~~ having  
4 a second transverse nuclear magnetic spin relaxation time  $T_2'$  greater than said  
5 first transverse relaxation time, ~~said first material comprising a small fraction of~~  
6 ~~the mixture~~, the method comprising:

7 (a) ~~using a magnet to produce~~ producing a static magnetic field in said  
8 ~~mixture a region of examination~~ in said earth formation ~~and align nuclear~~  
9 ~~spins in said region substantially parallel to a direction of said static field;~~

10 (b) applying a pulse sequence having pulses  
11 A1 -  $\tau$  - B1 -  $\tau$  - A2 - TW - A3  
12 to said mixture where A1 is a first excitation pulse,  $\tau$  is a Carr-Purcell  
13 time, B1 is a first refocusing pulse, A2 is forced inversion pulse, A3 is a  
14 second excitation pulse, and TW is a wait time, ~~and~~

15 (c) ~~determining wherein a value of TW for which~~ a resulting signal  
16 from said second fluid in said earth formation is substantially zero and

17 determining said presence by analyzing signals after said second  
18 excitation pulse.

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1 2. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein said first excitation pulse comprises a  
2 pulse having a tip angle substantially equal to 90°.

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1 3. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein said second excitation pulse comprises  
2 a pulse having a tip angle substantially equal to 90°.

1 4. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein said first refocusing pulse comprises a  
2 pulse having a tip angle substantially equal to 180°.

1 5. (currently amended) The method of claim 1 wherein further comprising  
2 determining said value of TW ~~further comprises~~ by applying a sequence of  
3 refocusing pulses  $B_2$ , after said second excitation pulse and determining a value  
4 of TW for which substantially no spin echo signals are produced by said sequence  
5 of refocusing pulses.

1 6. (original) The method of claim 5 wherein at least one of said sequence of  
2 refocusing pulses comprises a pulse with a tip angle substantially equal to 180°.

1 7. (original) The method of claim 1 further selecting  $\tau$  to satisfy the condition  
2  $T_2' \gg \tau \gg T_2$ .

1 8. (original) The method of claim 5 further comprising:

2 (i) repeating (b) with different values of TW until no free induction decay  
3 signal after the second excitation pulse A3 is produced;

4 (ii) repeating (b) with a value of TW altered from the value determined in (i);

5 and

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6 (iii) analyzing a resulting free induction decay signal.

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1 9. canceled

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1 10. (original) The method of claim 9 further comprising conveying said magnet on a  
2 logging tool into a borehole into said earth formation.

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1 11. (original) The method of claim 10 wherein said logging tool is conveyed on a  
2 wireline.

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1 12. (original) The method of claim 10 wherein said logging tool is conveyed on a  
2 drilling tubular.

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1 13. (currently amended) A system for identifying a presence of first fluid having a  
2 first transverse nuclear spin relaxation time  $T_2$  in a mixture of fluids in an earth  
3 formation with a second fluid having a second transverse spin relaxation time  $T_2'$   
4 greater than said first transverse relaxation time, ~~said first fluid comprising a~~  
5 ~~small fraction of the second fluid~~, the method system comprising:

6 (a) a logging tool conveyed into a borehole into said earth formation,

7 (b) a magnet on said logging tool ~~for producing~~ which produces a static field  
8 in a region of said earth formation including said mixture, ~~said magnet~~  
9 ~~aligning nuclear spins in said region substantially parallel to a direction of~~  
10 ~~said static field;~~

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- 11 (b) a transmitter on said logging tool ~~for applying~~ which applies a radio  
12 frequency pulse sequence  
13 A1 -  $\tau$  - B1 -  $\tau$  - A2 - TW - A3  
14 to said mixture in said region, where A1 is a first excitation pulse,  $\tau$  is a  
15 Carr-Purcell time, B1 is a first refocusing pulse, A2 is forced inversion  
16 pulse, and A3 is a second excitation pulse,  
17 (c) a receiver on said logging tool ~~for receiving~~ which receives signals  
18 resulting from said nuclear spins resulting from application of said pulse  
19 sequence; and  
20 (d) a processor ~~for determining~~ which:  
21 (A) determines a value of TW for which a resulting signal from said  
22 second fluid is substantially zero, and  
23 (B) identifies said presence of said first fluid by analyzing signals after  
24 said second excitation pulse.  
25  
1 14. (original) The system of claim 13 wherein said first excitation pulse comprises a  
2 pulse having a tip angle substantially equal to 90°.  
3  
1 15. (original) The system of claim 13 wherein said second excitation pulse comprises  
2 a pulse having a tip angle substantially equal to 90°  
3  
1 16. (currently amended) The system of claim 13 wherein said processor determines  
2 determining said value of TW ~~further comprises~~ by further applying a sequence of

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3 refocusing pulses  $B_{21}$  after said second excitation pulse and determining a value  
4 of TW for which substantially no spin echo signals are produced by said sequence  
5 of refocusing pules.  
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1 17. (previously presented) The system of claim 13 wherein said first refocusing pulse  
2 comprises a pulse having a tip angle substantially equal to  $180^\circ$ .  
3

1 18. (original) The system of claim 16 wherein at least one of said sequence of  
2 refocusing pulses comprises a pulse with a tip angle substantially equal to  $180^\circ$ .  
3

1 19. (original) The system of claim 13 wherein  $T_2' \gg \tau \gg T_2$ .  
2

1 20. (original) The system of claim 13 wherein said processor further performs:

- 2 (i) a repetition of (b) in claim 13 with different values of TW until no free  
3 induction decay signal after the second excitation pulse A3 is produced;  
4 (ii) a repetition of (b) in claim 13 with the value of TW altered from the value  
5 determined in (i); and  
6 (iii) analyzes a resulting free induction decay signal.  
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1 21. (original) The system of claim 13 further comprising a wireline for conveying  
2 said logging tool into said borehole.  
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1 22. (original) The system of claim 13 further comprising a drilling tubular for  
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2           conveying said logging tool into said borehole.

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1       23.   (original) The system of claim 13 wherein said processor is on said logging tool.

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